

# Mode Choices of Millennials

## How Different? How Enduring?



A study by Robert Case and Seth Schipinski

Presented to TTAC

By Robert Case, PhD, PE

July 1, 2015





## History



- HRTPO has a 50 year history of supporting active transportation—**bike** and **walk**—and **public transportation**.
  - HRTPO Board allocated **\$86m** toward Norfolk LRT
  - HRTPO staff has prepared **bike and ped plans**
  - HRTPO staff is preparing **Active Trans webpages**
  - Since 1992, HRTPO Board has allocated **to transit**:
    - approx. **30% of RSTP**
    - approx. **35% of CMAQ**



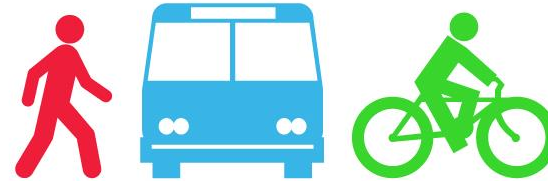
# Impetus



- Recent Reports:

“Millennials use alternative modes.”

- Born 1982 thru 2000
- Bike, walk, transit



- Ensuing Question:

“Given these Millennial reports, should we plan for **much higher demand** for alt trans in the future?”

– Two Precedent Questions:

1. “How different are Millennials?”
2. “How enduring will usage of alt trans be?”

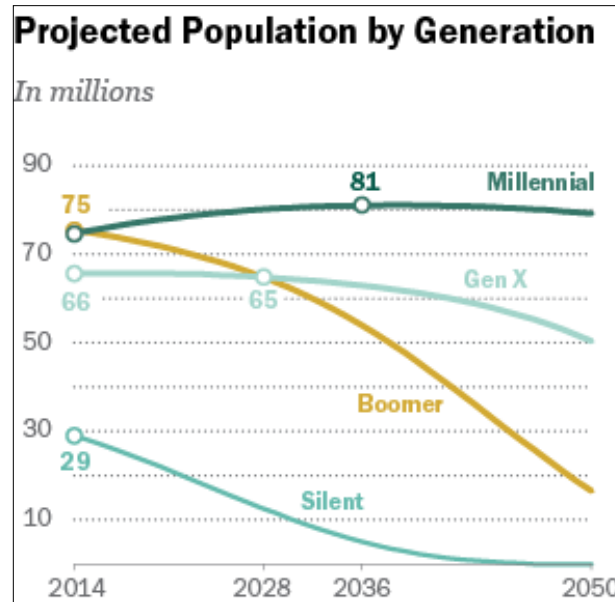




# 1. How Different?



Millennials are the **largest** generation.



## Projected population by generation, U.S.

Note: *Millennial* refers to those aged 18-34 as of 2015.

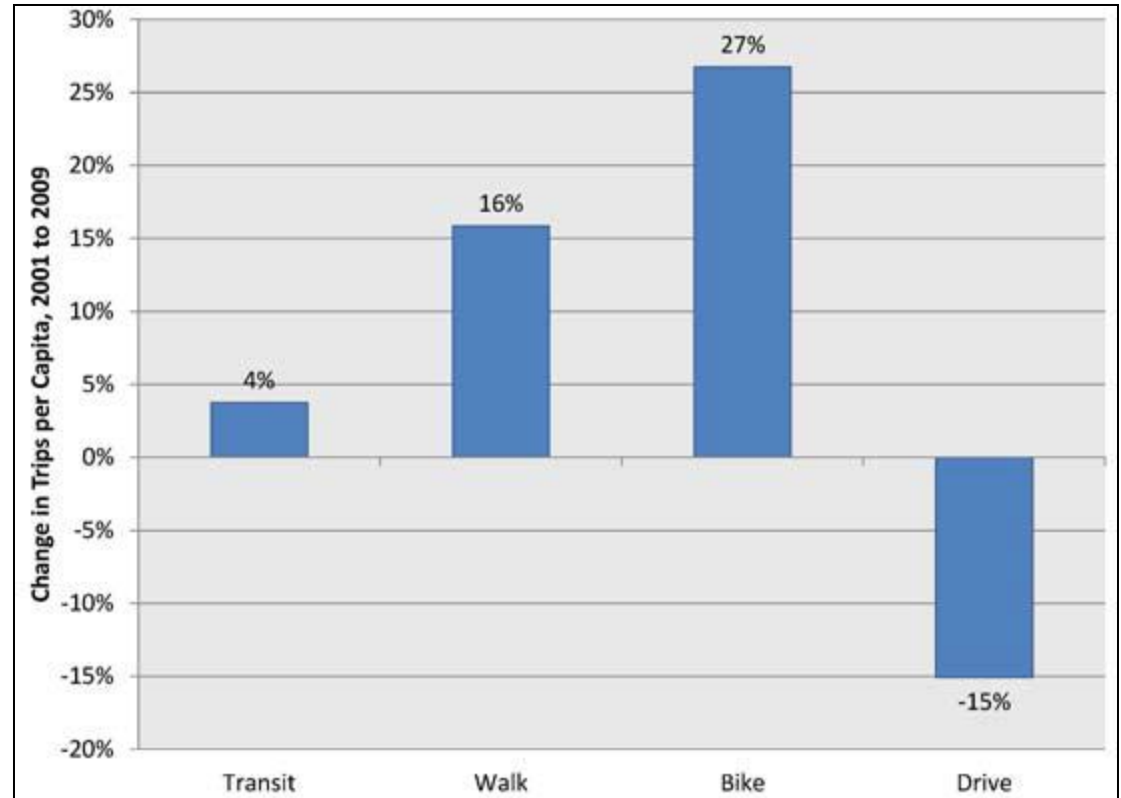
Source: Pew Research Ctr. tabulations of U.S. Census Bureau population projections released Dec. 2014



# 1. How Different?



In 2009,  
16-34 year-olds  
favored **alt trans**  
more than  
16-34 year-olds  
did in 2001.\*



Change in Number of Trips per Capita among 16 to 34 year-olds, 2001 to 2009

Source: "Millennials in Motion", US PIRG, 2014, p. 11 (using NHTS data)

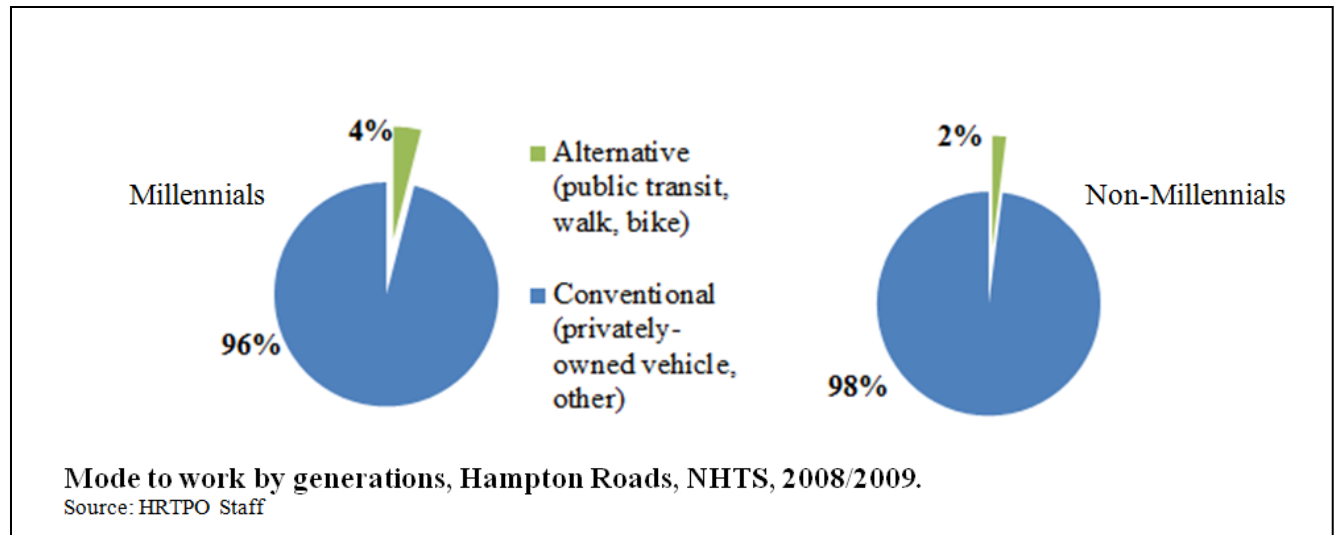
\* In both 2001 and 2009, 16-34 year-olds were a mixture of Gen X and Millennials.



# 1. How Different?



HRTPO analysis of unweighted 2008/09 NHTS data:  
**Millennials** in Hampton Roads use alt trans  
**twice as frequently** as **Non-Millennials**.



Note: unweighted data

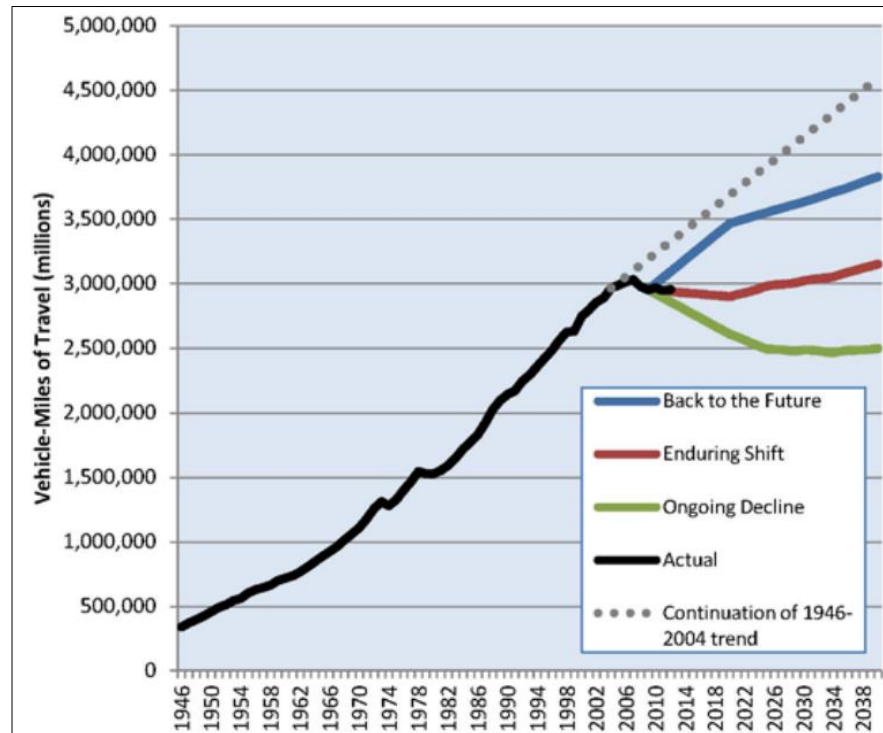


## 2. How Enduring?



As they age? As economy changes? Next generations?

In the literature, the **future** of VMT—and alt trans—is **unclear**.



Vehicle-miles traveled under three scenarios, U.S.

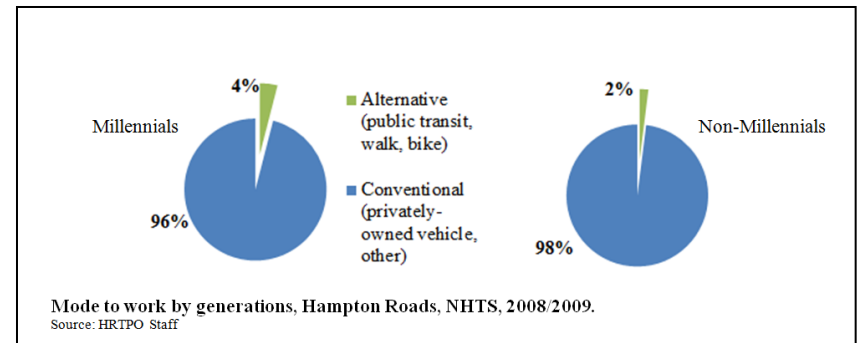
Source: A New Direction (U.S. PIRG, 2013) (5, p. 30)



## 2. How Enduring?



- 16-27 year olds used alt trans **twice as frequently** as others in 2009 in HR.



Note: unweighted data

- Is that difference due to:

– Their **Age**? (will change)

– Their **Generation**? (**won't change**)

key to the future

– Their **Income**? (will change)





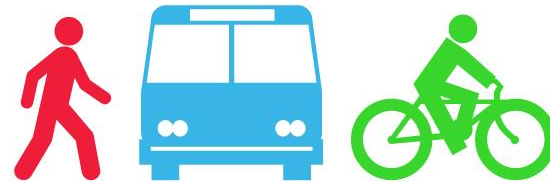
## Solution



# Multiple Regression Analysis

– Performance Measure:

- usage of **alt trans** (yes:1, no:0)



– Factors related to mode choice:

- Age
- Generation
- Era (multiple eras needed to separate age and generation)
- Gender
- Income
- Location (degree of urbanization)

– Type: Logistic (due to performance measure being binary [0,1])



## Data



- National Household Travel Survey (NHTS)
  - Owner: USDOT
  - Data Sets: 1983, 1995, 2009 (for eras)
  - Coverage: U.S. (not enough HR data in pre-2009 surveys)
  - Records: 22,483 person records

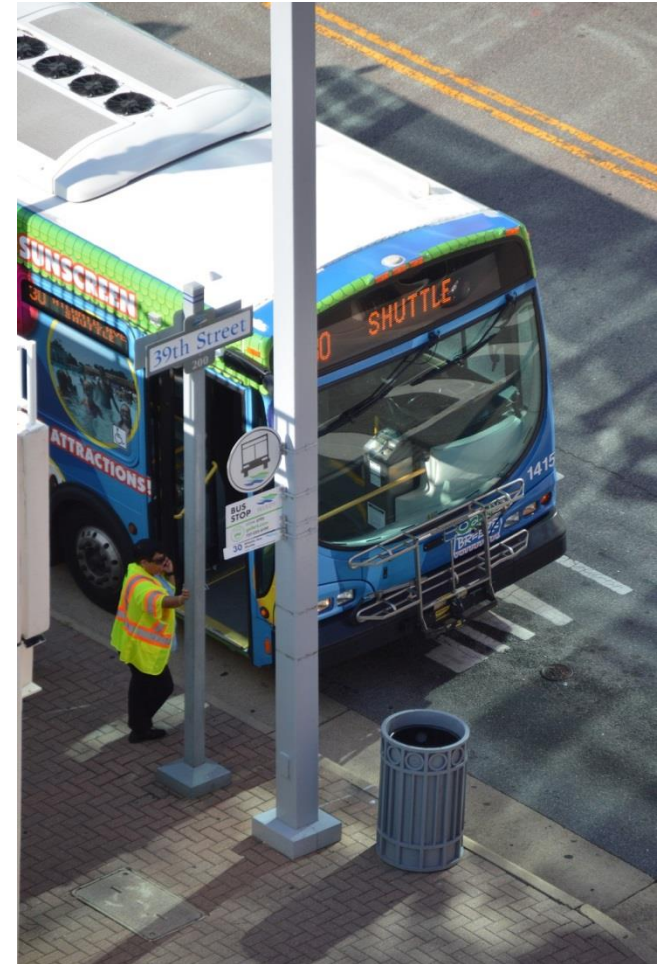




# Data



- Eras:
  - “Reagan Era” (1983)
  - “Clinton Era” (1995)
  - “Bush/Obama Era” (2008/2009)
- Generations
  - Lost Generation (b. 1883-1900) thru...
  - Millennial Gen. (b. 1982-2000)
- Location
  - MSA Status
    - Not in MSA
    - In MSA < 1 million
    - In MSA 1-3 million
    - In MSA 3+ million
  - Urbanized Area Status
    - In Urbanized Area
    - Not in Urbanized Area
- Mode to Work:
  - **8%** used alternative transportation (unweighted)
    - **0.5%** bike
    - **3.0%** walk
    - **4.6%** public trans





## Regression Results



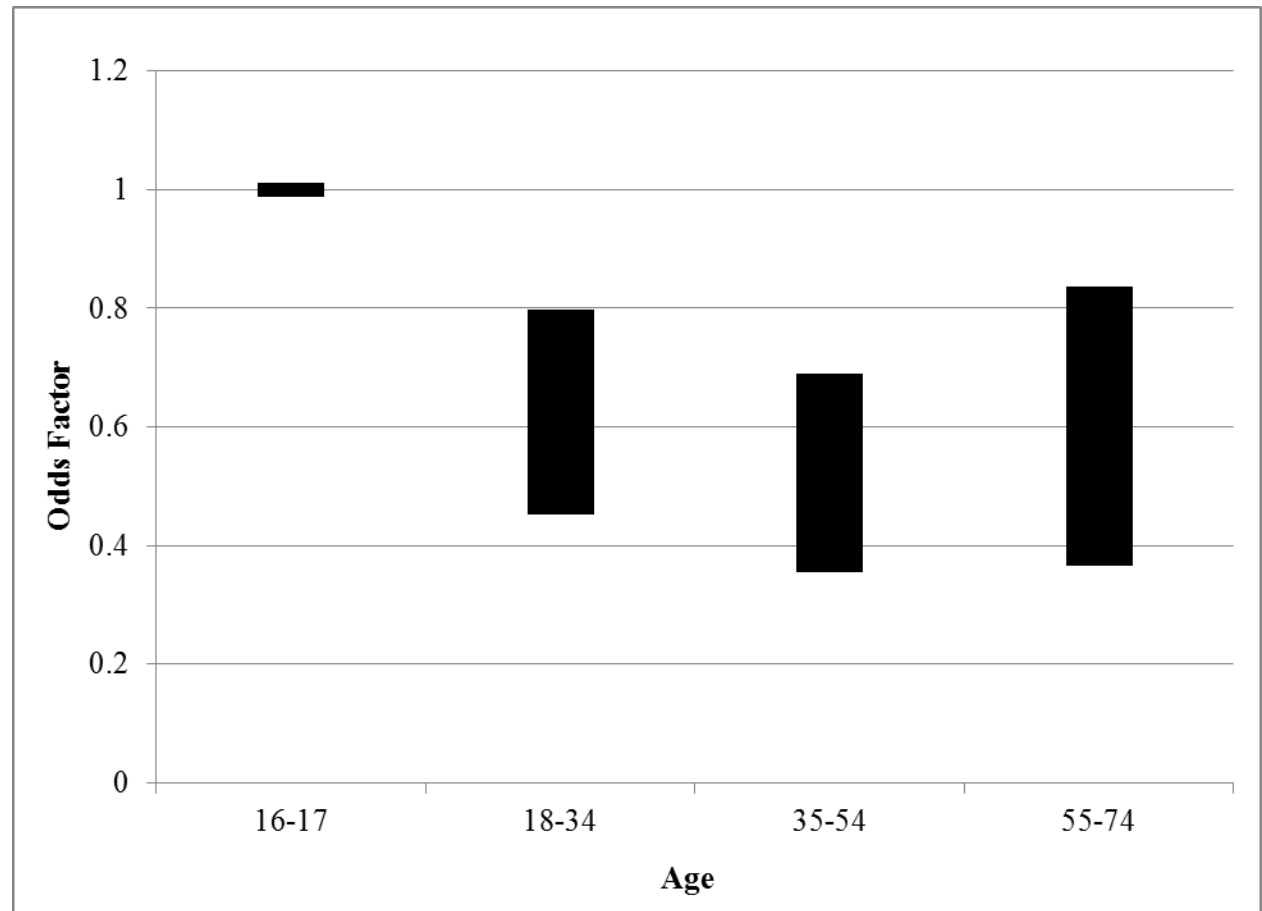
- Usage of alt trans being binary (0,1)
  - regression results are “odds factors”.
- “Odds”:
  - e.g. 4:1 odds (no:yes) -> 1yes/5total or 20% chance
- “Odds Factors” **increase odds**
  - e.g. (4:1 odds) \* (odds factor 2.0) -> 4:2 odds or 33% chance



# Findings



All other things being equal (income, era, generation, etc.), **16-17 year olds** have a **higher** predisposition to use alt trans than other ages.



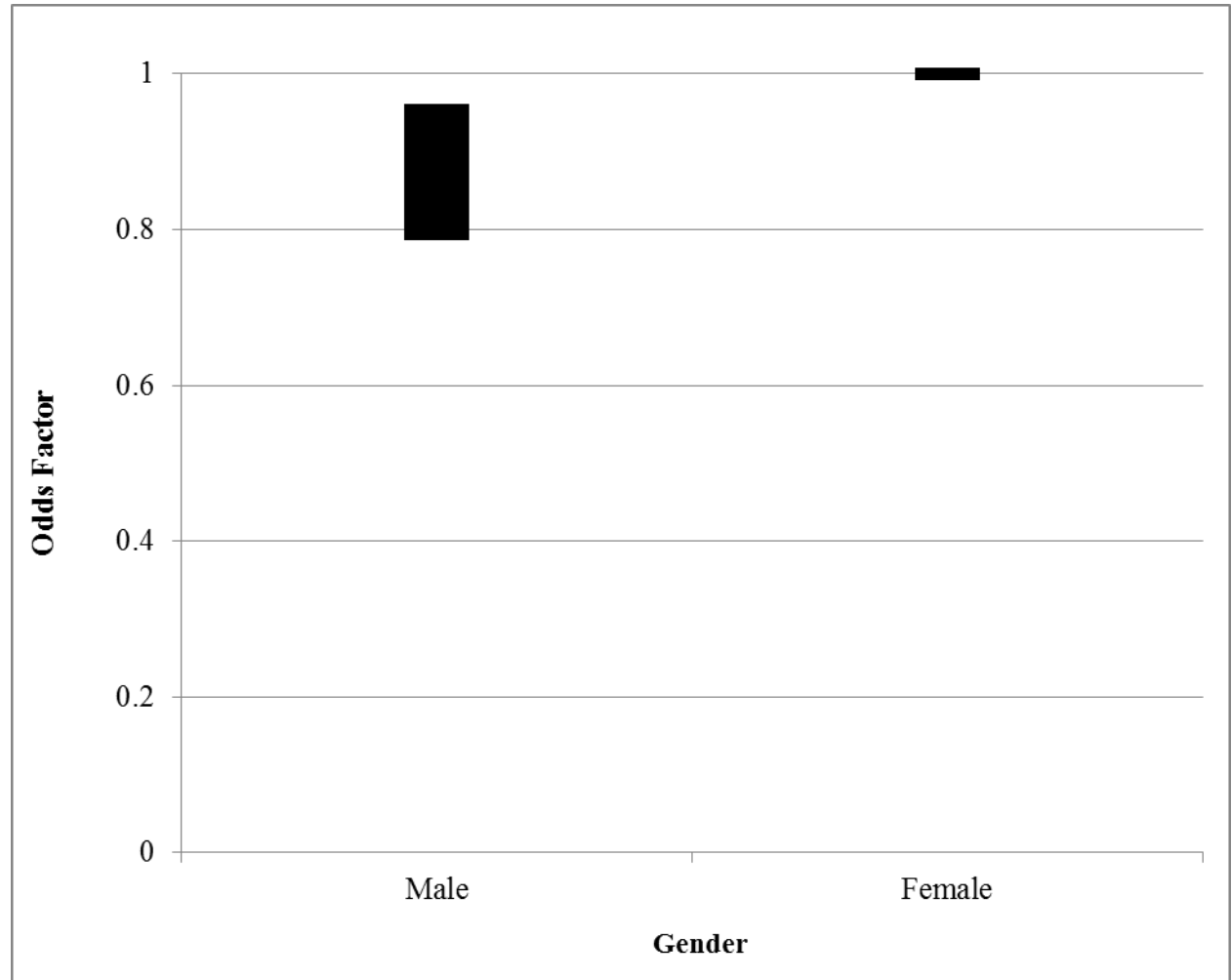
Note: Bars show 95% confidence interval.



# Findings



All other things being equal  
(income, era, generation, etc.),  
**females**  
have a **higher**  
predisposition to  
use alt trans than  
males.



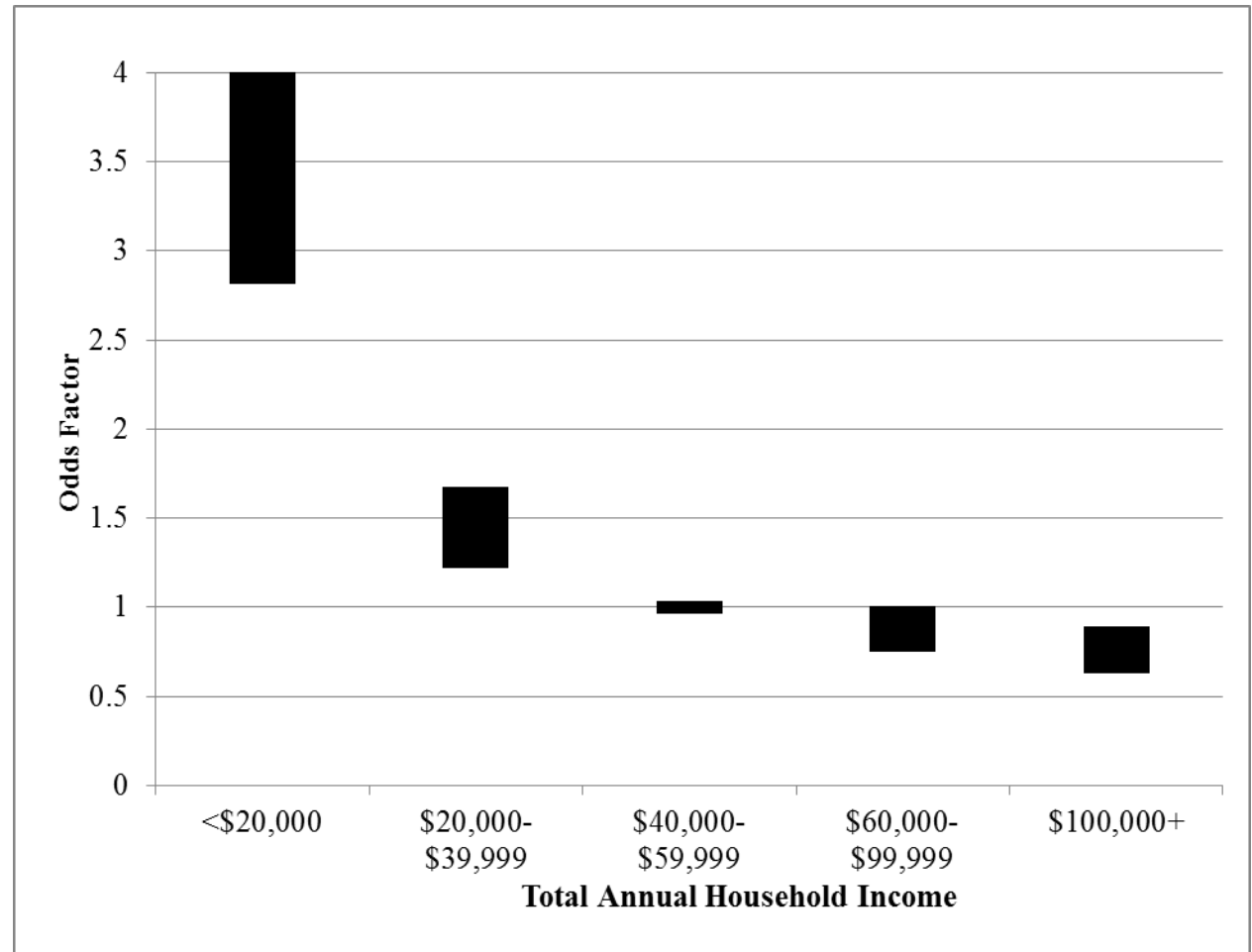
Note: Bars show 95% confidence interval.



# Findings



All other things being equal (age, era, generation, etc.), workers in **low-income HH's** have a **much higher** predisposition to use alt trans than others.



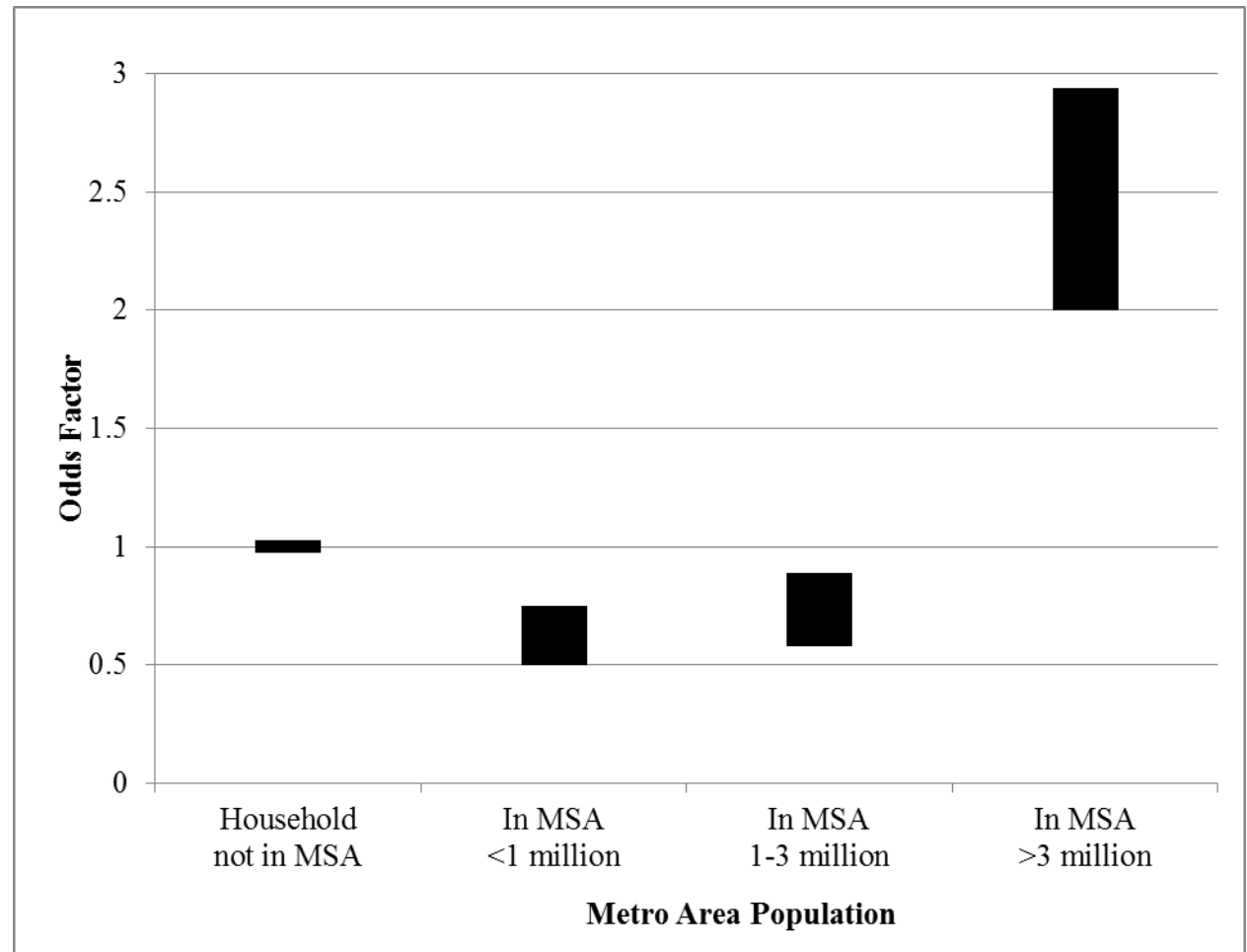
Note: Bars show 95% confidence interval.



# Findings



All other things being equal (age, era, generation, etc.), workers in **large MSAs (>3m)** have a **higher** predisposition to use alt trans than others.



Note: Bars show 95% confidence interval.

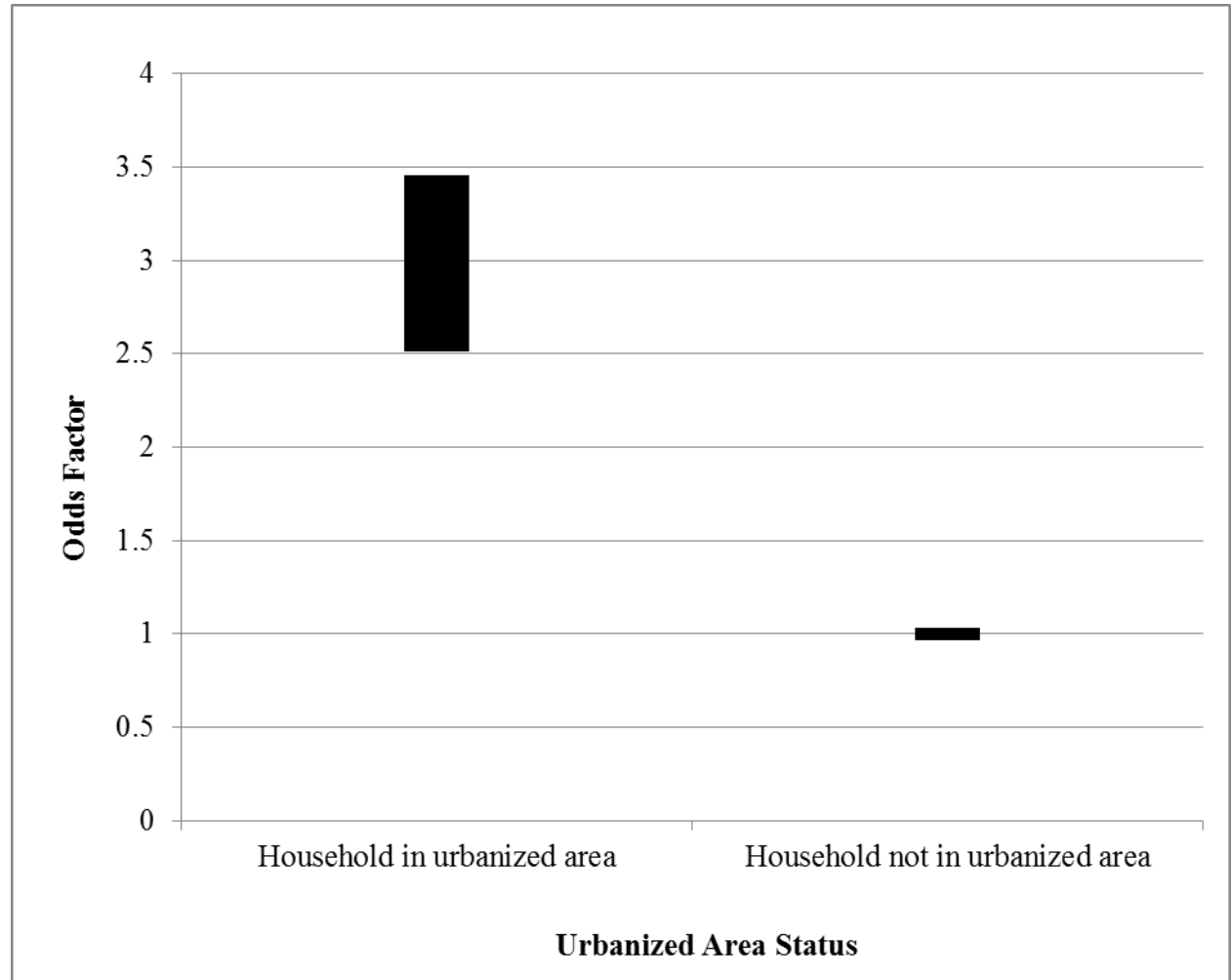




# Findings



All other things being equal (age, era, generation, etc.), workers in **Urbanized Areas** have a **much higher** predisposition to use alt trans than persons in non-urbanized areas.



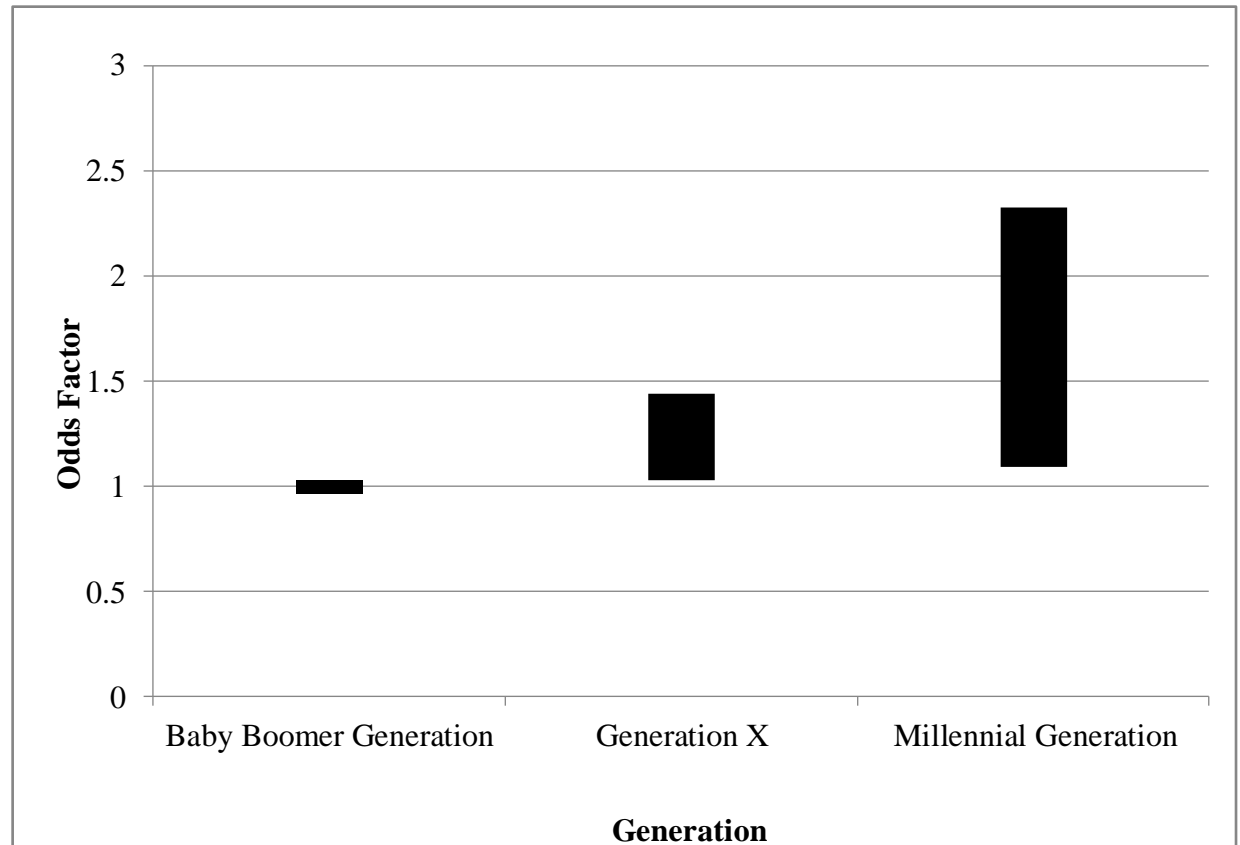
Note: Bars show 95% confidence interval.



# Findings



All other things being equal (income, era, age, etc.), **Millennials** have a **somewhat higher** predisposition to use alt trans than the two preceding generations.



Note: Bars show 95% confidence interval.



## How strong is gen.?



- Model Workers

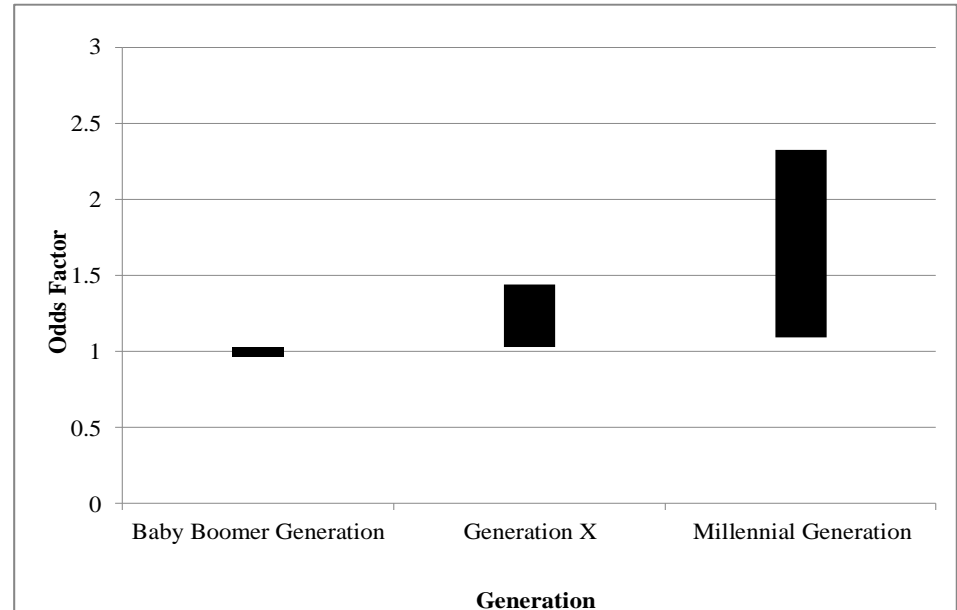
- “Bill Boomer”

- “Mark Millennial”

- Both:

- Male
- Age 35-54
- HH income \$40-60k
- Urbanized Area
- MSA 1-3 million (like HR)
- Bush/Obama era

- Only difference is generation





# How strong is gen.?

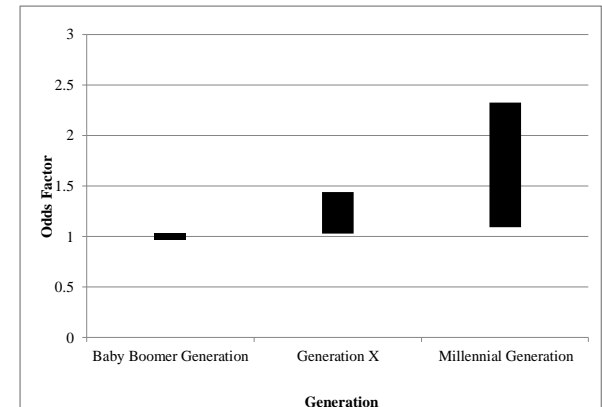


- Model Workers
  - “Bill **Boomer**” **2.8%**
  - “Mark **Millennial**” **4.3%**
  - Only difference is generation
  - Bottom Line:
    - **Generation is a moderate factor**

## Alt. Trans.

**2.8%**

**4.3%**



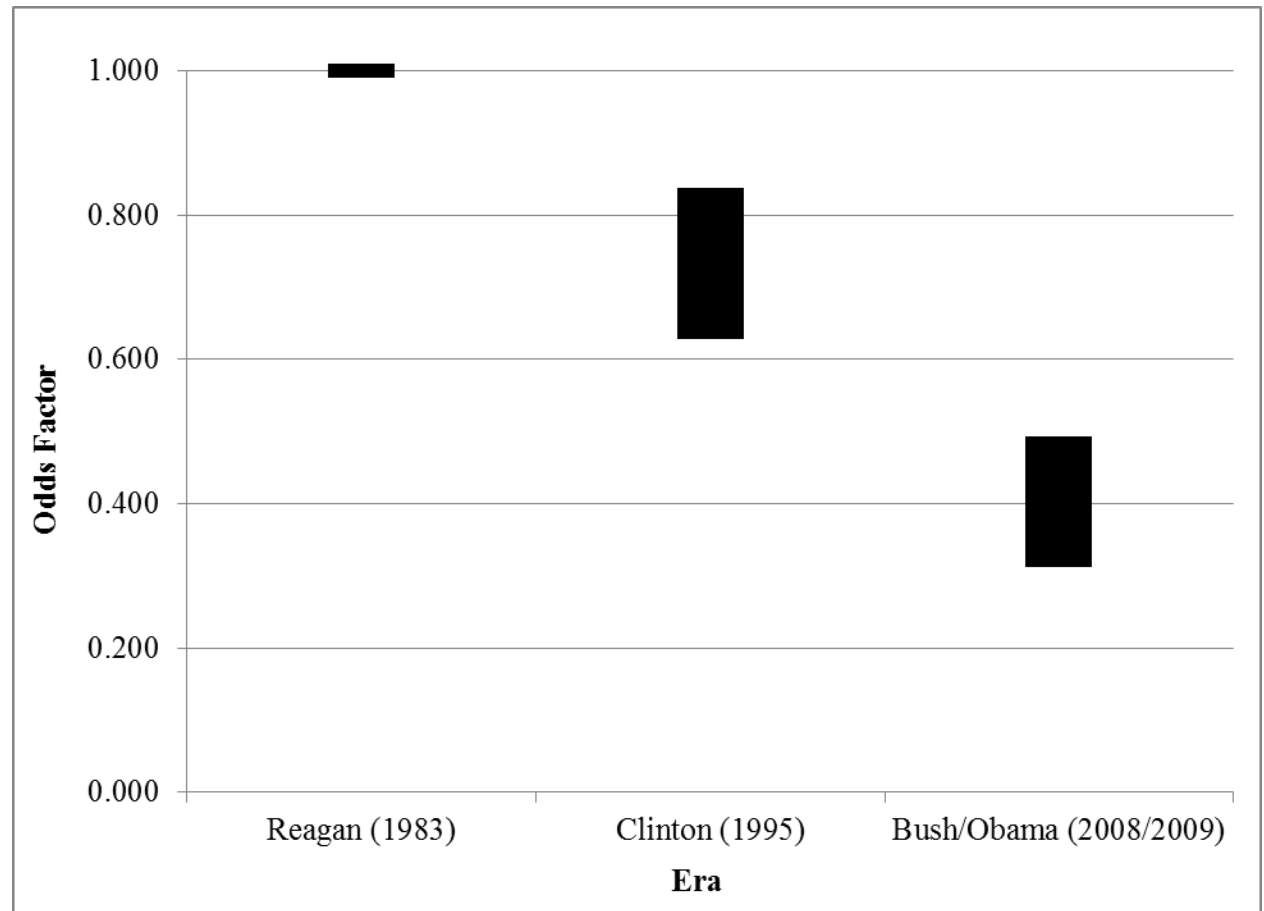
- The increase **may continue** in the future.



# Findings



All other things being equal (age, income, generation, etc.), workers in **Bush/Obama Era** have a **much lower** predisposition to use alt trans than others.



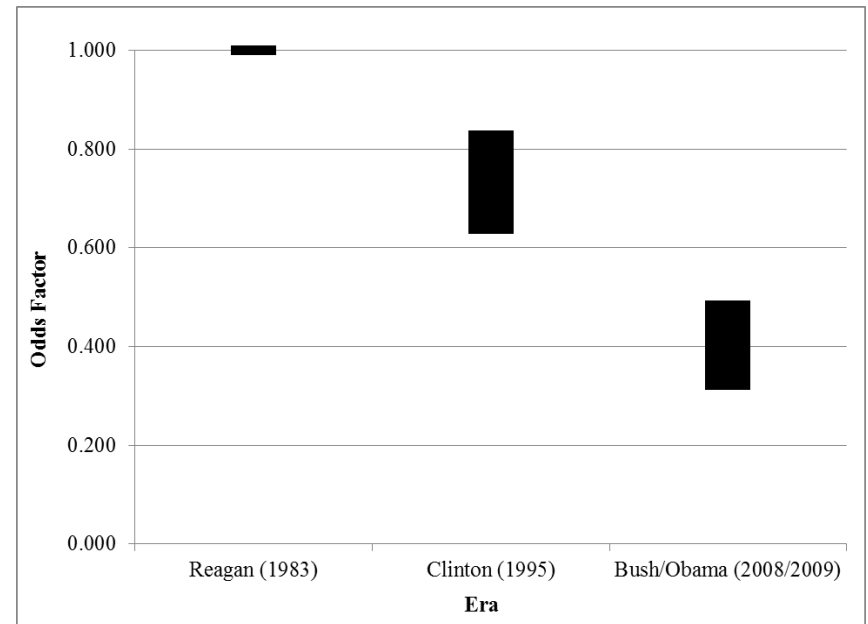
Note: Bars show 95% confidence interval.



## How strong is era?



- Model Workers
  - “Reba Reagan”
  - “Olive Obama”
  - Both:
    - Female
    - Age 18-34
    - HH income \$20-40k
    - Urbanized Area
    - MSA 1-3 million (like HR)
    - Generation X
  - Only difference is era





## How strong is era?

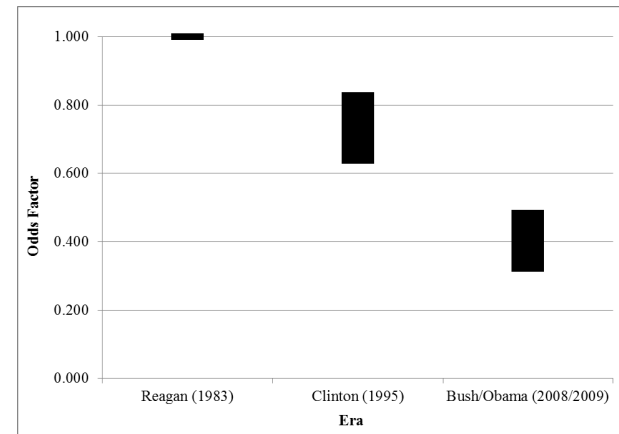


- Model Workers
  - “Reba Reagan”
  - “Olive Obama”
  - Only difference is era
  - Bottom Line:
    - Era is a strong factor.

## Alt. Trans.

**15%**

**6%**



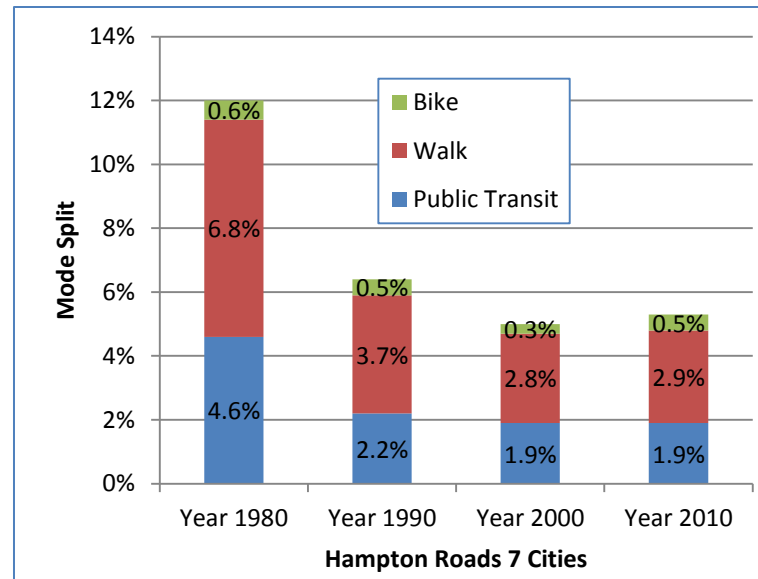
– The decline **may continue** in the future, and it **may negate** the above generational trend.



# Mode Choice Trend



In Hampton Roads, alternative transportation has **declined significantly** since 1980, with a 0.3% rebound in 2010, (and down 0.8% since 2010).

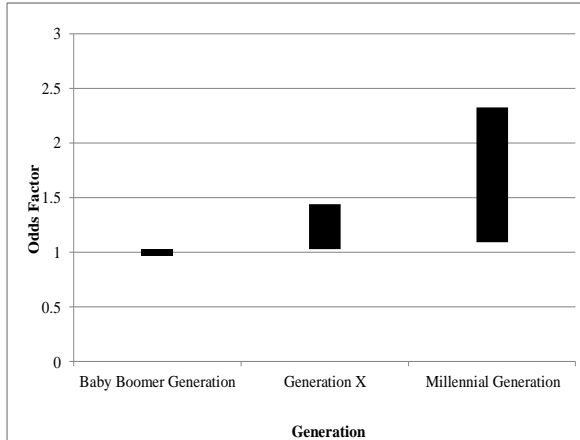


Result of **all trends**, over time

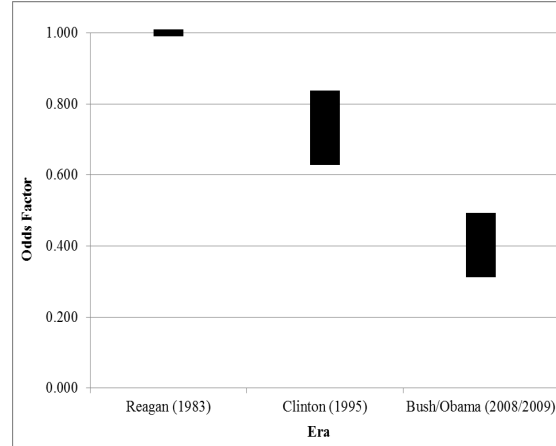




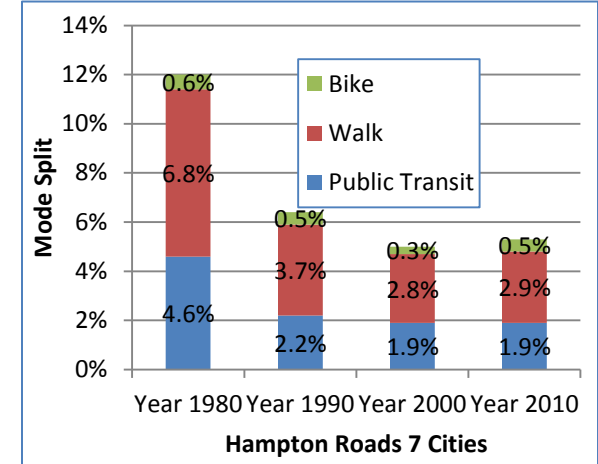
# Demand Forecast



Moderate generational trend



Strong era trend



Result of all trends, over time

1. The Millennial generation is **inherently different** from preceding generations.
2. Given **strong era trend** possibly negating **moderate generational trend**, it appears unlikely that 1980 levels of alternative transportation usage will return to Hampton Roads.



## Next Steps



- Public/TTAC Review
  - July 1 thru July 14
  - Email [rcase@hrtpo.org](mailto:rcase@hrtpo.org)
- Further review of the literature by staff
- Peer review by TRB
- Presentation to HRTPO Board, Sept. 17, 2015